# 11. Dangerous cargo

## 11.1 General

The Far North Queensland Ports Corporation Limited is responsible for the management of dangerous goods in port, including the loading and unloading of ships alongside and movement across the wharf.

Maritime Safety Queensland is responsible for monitoring and managing the safe movement of ships in Queensland waters. The Regional Harbour Master will assist the port authority in controlling traffic movement in the port, maintaining on-water safety distances, and responding to any emergency situation.

Maritime Safety Queensland and other relevant authorities operate under the codes and guidelines of:

- IMO IMDG Code;
- International Chamber of Shipping Oil Companies, International Marine Forum;
- Society of International Gas Tankers and Terminals (ISGOTT);
- Australian Standard AS 3846-2005;
- AMSA Australian Annexe to the IMDG Code Marine Orders Part 41; and
- AAPMA Dangerous Substances Guidelines.

#### 11.1.1 Notification

Chapter 5 Part 4 of the <u>Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Regulation 2016</u> outlines the duties of owners and masters of vessels in relation to the carriage of dangerous goods. The regulation requires that ships carrying dangerous goods and bulk liquids must comply with the appropriate directions of the IMDG code and AS3846 and are to notify the port authority and the Regional Harbour Master of the intent to bring dangerous cargo into or depart from a pilotage area.

This must be done by lodging the <u>Dangerous Cargo Report (Form 3217)</u> which is to be accompanied by either a copy of the ship's dangerous cargo manifest or a list of dangerous cargo/bulk liquid in an approved form. These requirements apply to dangerous goods and cargoes that remain onboard a ship or are loaded or handled during a port visit.

Minimum notification times for the scheduled movement or handling of dangerous cargo in a pilotage area are as follows:

**Table 13 Dangerous cargo minimum notification times** 

Movement	Minimum notification
Ship inbound	48 hours prior to scheduled arrival at pilot boarding ground
Ship departure or removal	Three hours
Ship to ship transfer	24 hours
Loading, removal or handling alongside	24 hours
Operation of a local marine service	48 hours (See section 90 and 91 – <i>Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Regulation 2016</i> )

### 11.1.2 Dangerous cargo limits

The <u>port authority</u> will promulgate the limits that apply to the class of dangerous cargo loaded and unloaded in the port. Masters/owners should check the Far North Queensland Ports Corporation Limited website regarding the latest limitations

## 11.1.3 Dangerous cargo events

Section 93 of the <u>Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Regulation 2016</u> defines a dangerous cargo event as:

- The loss, or likely loss, of the cargo from a ship into Queensland waters;
- A breach, or danger of a breach, of the containment of the cargo that could endanger marine safety;
- Anything else involving, or that could involve, the cargo that causes risk of explosion, fire, a person's death, or grievous bodily harm of a person;
- For a cargo that is a materials hazardous only in bulk (MHB) an event that causes risk of explosion, fire, a person's death, or grievous bodily harm to a person; and
- The master and or the person-in-charge of a place where a dangerous cargo event has occurred are required to report the event immediately to the port control centre or relevant authority.

A full written report is to be submitted on Dangerous <u>Cargo Event Report (Form F3220)</u> to the harbour master as soon as reasonably practical.