CTORFP 202

Brassica Biofumigant Cover Crops

Management

The crop benefits from moderate fertiliser and irrigation to optimise its performance as a biofumigant. Ammonium sulphate at 120kg/ha 3–5 weeks after planting is recommended.

Potential uses

- Biofumigant
 - Suppression of Macrophomina Phaseolina in Winter/Spring planting and Sclerotinia sclerotiorum with a Summer planting¹
 - Suppression of *Pythium* spp., *Fusarium* spp., *Verticillium dahlia* and *Rhizoctonia* spp.
 - Suppression of nematode like Heterodera spp. and Para trichodorus spp.²
- Green manure crop
- Prevent soil loss through rainfall runoff
- Nursery for beneficial insects

Insect and disease issues

- Common insect pests include: Cabbage cluster caterpillar, Diamondback moth, Cabbage centre grub, Aphids, Thrips and a number of other insects. They are all found only in non-damaging levels
- Common diseases include: White blister and Bacterial brown rot

Refer to the APVMA for information about chemical control of pests. Always read and understand the label before using any chemical.

Biofum



Botanical name	Raphanus sativus
	and Sinapis alba

Synonyms Doublet oil seed radish
Achilles white mustard

Seeding rate 10kg/ha

Growth habit

- Plant height up to 140cm and good early vigour
- High biomass production during Winter months (185t/ha fresh weight)

Planting

All year round but greatest biomass during cooler time of the year

Incorporation

- 61 days in Summer
- 97 days in Winter

¹ Department of Agriculture and Fisheries ² Other sources

